SB 6173 - H AMD 888 By Representative Hunter

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2	Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the
3	following:
4	
5	"PART I
6	FINDING AND INTENT
7	
8	NEW SECTION. Sec. 101. The legislature finds that the department
9	of revenue's 2008 compliance study estimates that sales tax
10	noncompliance exceeds well over one hundred million dollars annually
11	in unpaid state and local sales and use taxes.
12	The legislature intends to address this significant problem by
13	eliminating the use of resale certificates to document wholesale
14	purchases. Resale certificates will be replaced with seller's
15	permits, which will be issued by the department of revenue only to
16	those businesses that make wholesale purchases, such as retailers,
17	wholesalers, manufacturers, and qualified contractors. Businesses
18	that do not make wholesale purchases, such as most service businesses,
19	
20	will not be entitled to a seller's permit.
21	PART II
22	REPLACING RESALE CERTIFICATES WITH SELLER'S PERMITS
23	ISSUED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE
24	1930ED DI INE DEFARIMENT OF REVENUE
25	
	NEW SECTION. Sec. 201. A new section is added to chapter 82.32

RCW to read as follows:

- (1) Taxpayers seeking a new seller's permit or to renew or 1 2 reinstate a seller's permit, other than taxpayers subject to the 3 provisions of section 202 of this act, must apply to the department in 4 a form and manner prescribed by the department. The department must 5 rule on applications within sixty days of receiving a complete 6 application. An application must be denied if the department 7 determines that, based on the nature of the applicant's business, the 8 applicant is not entitled to make purchases at wholesale or is 9 otherwise prohibited from using a seller's permit. The department may 10 also deny an application if it determines that denial would be in the 11 best interest of collecting taxes due under this title. 12 department's decision whether to approve or deny an application may be 13 based on tax returns previously filed with the department by the 14 applicant, a current or previous examination of the applicant's books 15 and records by the department, information provided by the applicant 16 in the master application and the seller's permit application, and 17 other information available to the department.
- (2) Notwithstanding subsection (1) of this section, the department may issue a seller's permit to a taxpayer that has not applied for the permit if it appears to the department's satisfaction, based on the nature of the taxpayer's business activities and any other information available to the department, that the taxpayer is entitled to make purchases at wholesale.
- (3) Seller's permits issued by the department will be in a form prescribed by the department, which may include an electronic form, and must contain a unique identifying number assigned by the department.
- (4)(a) Except as otherwise provided in this section, seller's permits issued, renewed, or reinstated under this section will be valid for a period of forty-eight months from the date of issuance, renewal, or reinstatement.
- 32 (b) A seller's permit issued to taxpayers who register with the 33 department under RCW 82.32.030 after January 1, 2009, is valid for a 34

- 1 period of twenty-four months and may be renewed for the period 2 prescribed in (a) of this subsection (4).
- 3 (c) A seller's permit is no longer valid if the permit holder's
- 4 certificate of registration is revoked by the department or the person
- 5 otherwise ceases to engage in business.
- 6 (5)(a) The department may revoke a seller's permit of a taxpayer 7 for any of the following reasons:
- 8 (i) The taxpayer used or allowed or caused its seller's permit to
- 9 be used to purchase any item or service without payment of sales tax,
- 10 but the taxpayer or other purchaser was not entitled to use the
- 11 seller's permit for the purchase;
- 12 (ii) The department issued the seller's permit to the taxpayer in 13 error;
- 14 (iii) The department determines that the taxpayer is no longer
- 15 entitled to make purchases at wholesale; or
- 16 (iv) The department determines that revocation of the seller's
- 17 permit would be in the best interest of collecting taxes due under
- 18 this title.
- 19 (b) The notice of revocation must be in writing and is effective
- 20 on the date specified in the revocation notice. The notice must also
- 21 advise the taxpayer of its right to a review by the department.
- (c) The department may refuse to reinstate a seller's permit
- 23 revoked under (a)(i) of this subsection until all taxes, penalties,
- 24 and interest due on any improperly purchased item or service have been
- 25 paid in full. In the event a taxpayer whose seller's permit has been
- 26 revoked under this subsection reorganizes, the new business resulting
- 27 from the reorganization is not entitled to a seller's permit until all
- 28 taxes, penalties, and interest due on any improperly purchased item or
- 29 service have been paid in full.
- 30 (d) For purposes of this subsection, "reorganize" or
- 31 "reorganization" means: (i) The transfer, however effected, of a
- 32 majority of the assets of one business to another business where any
- 33 of the persons having an interest in the ownership or management in
- 34 the former business maintain an ownership or management interest in

- 1 the new business, either directly or indirectly; (ii) a mere change in
- 2 identity or form of ownership, however effected; or (iii) the new
- 3 business is a mere continuation of the former business based on
- 4 significant shared features such as owners, personnel, assets, or
- 5 general business activity.
- 6 (6) The department may provide lists of valid and revoked seller's 7 permit numbers on its web site.
- 8 (7) The department must provide by rule for the review of the
- 9 department's decision to deny, revoke, or refuse to reinstate a
- 10 seller's permit. Such review must be consistent with the requirements
- 11 of chapter 34.05 RCW.
- 12 (8) As part of its continuing efforts to educate taxpayers on
- 13 their sales and use tax responsibilities, the department will
- 14 educate taxpayers on the appropriate use of a seller's permit or
- 15 uniform exemption certificate authorized under RCW 82.04.470 and the
- 16 consequences of misusing such permits or exemption certificates.

- 18 **Sec. 202.** A new section is added to chapter 82.32 RCW to read as 19 follows:
- 20 (1)(a) Contractors seeking a new seller's permit or to renew or
- 21 reinstate a seller's permit must apply to the department in a form and
- 22 manner prescribed by the department.
- 23 (b) As part of the application, the contractor must report the
- 24 dollar amount of all purchases of materials and labor during the
- 25 preceding twelve months for retail construction activity,
- 26 speculative building, public road construction, and government
- 27 contracting. If the contractor was not engaged in business as a
- 28 contractor during the preceding twelve months, the contractor may
- 29 provide an estimate of the dollar amount of purchases of materials
- 30 and labor for retail construction activity, speculative building,
- 31 public road construction, and government contracting during the
- 32 twelve-month period for which the seller's permit will be valid.
- 33 (c) The department must rule on applications within sixty days
- 34 of receiving a complete application.

- 1 (d)(i) An application must be denied if:
- 2 (A) The department determines that the applicant is not
- 3 entitled to make purchases at wholesale;
- 4 (B) The application contains any material misstatement;
- 5 (C) The application is incomplete; or
- 6 (D) Less than twenty-five percent of the taxpayer's total
- 7 dollar amount of actual or, if applicable, estimated material and
- 8 labor purchases as reported on the application is for retail
- 9 construction activity performed by the applicant. However, the
- 10 department may approve an application not meeting the criteria in
- 11 this subsection (1)(d)(i)(D) if the department is satisfied that
- 12 approval is unlikely to jeopardize collection of the taxes due under
- 13 this title.
- (ii) The department may also deny an application if the
- 15 department determines that denial would be in the best interest of
- 16 collecting taxes due under this title.
- (e) Applications to renew a seller's permit may not be made
- 18 more than ninety days before the expiration of the seller's permit.
- 19 (2) Sellers' permits issued by the department will be in a form
- 20 prescribed by the department, which may include an electronic form,
- 21 and must contain a unique identifying number assigned by the
- 22 department.
- 23 (3)(a) Sellers' permits issued, renewed, or reinstated under
- 24 this section will be valid for a period of twelve months from the
- 25 date of issuance, renewal, or reinstatement.
- 26 (b) A seller's permit is no longer valid if the permit holder's
- 27 certificate of registration is revoked by the department or the
- 28 person otherwise ceases to engage in business.
- 29 (4)(a) The department may revoke a seller's permit of a
- 30 contractor for any of the following reasons:
- 31 (i) The contractor used or allowed or caused its seller's
- 32 permit to be used to purchase any item or service without payment of
- 33 sales tax, but the contractor or other purchaser was not entitled to
- 34 use the seller's permit for the purchase;

- 1 (ii) The department issued the seller's permit to the
- 2 contractor in error;
- 3 (iii) The department determines that the contractor is no
- 4 longer entitled to make purchases at wholesale; or
- 5 (iv) The department determines that revocation of the seller's
- 6 permit would be in the best interest of collecting taxes due under
- 7 this title.
- 8 (b) The notice of revocation must be in writing and is
- 9 effective on the date specified in the revocation notice. The
- 10 notice must also advise the contractor of its right to a review by
- 11 the department.
- 12 (c) The department may refuse to reinstate a seller's permit
- 13 revoked under (a)(i) of this subsection until all taxes, penalties,
- 14 and interest due on any improperly purchased item or service have
- 15 been paid in full. In the event a contractor whose seller's permit
- 16 has been revoked under this subsection reorganizes, the new business
- 17 resulting from the reorganization is not entitled to a seller's
- 18 permit until all taxes, penalties, and interest due on any
- 19 improperly purchased item or service have been paid in full.
- 20 (d) For purposes of this subsection, "reorganize" or
- 21 "reorganization" means: (i) The transfer, however effected, of a
- 22 majority of the assets of one business to another business where any
- 23 of the persons having an interest in the ownership or management in
- 24 the former business maintain an ownership or management interest in
- 25 the new business, either directly or indirectly; (ii) a mere change
- 26 in identity or form of ownership, however effected; or (iii) the new
- 27 business is a mere continuation of the former business based on
- 28 significant shared features such as owners, personnel, assets, or
- 29 general business activity.
- 30 (5) The department may provide lists of valid and revoked
- 31 sellers' permit numbers on its web site.
- 32 (6) The department must provide by rule for the review of the
- 33 department's decision to deny, revoke, or refuse to reinstate a

- 1 seller's permit. Such review must be consistent with the
- 2 requirements of chapter 34.05 RCW.
- 3 (7) As part of its continuing efforts to educate taxpayers on
- 4 their sales and use tax responsibilities, the department will
- 5 educate taxpayers on the appropriate use of a seller's permit or
- 6 uniform exemption certificate authorized under RCW 82.04.470 and the
- 7 consequences of misusing such permits or exemption certificates.
- 8 (8) As used in this section, the following definitions apply:
- 9 (a) "Contractor" means a person who engages in any retail
- 10 construction activity, or who engages in any activity that brings
- 11 the person within the definition of consumer in RCW 82.04.190(3) or
- 12 (6), or who is a speculative builder as defined by rule of the
- 13 department.
- (b) "Government contracting" means the activity described in
- 15 RCW 82.04.190(6).
- 16 (c) "Public road construction" means the activity described in
- 17 RCW 82.04.190(3).
- 18 (d) "Retail construction activity" means any activity defined
- 19 as a retail sale in RCW 82.04.050(2)(b) or (c).
- 20 (e) "Speculative building" means the activities of a
- 21 speculative builder as the term "speculative builder" is defined by
- 22 rule of the department.

- 24 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 203.** A new section is added to chapter
- 25 82.32 RCW to read as follows:
- The department of revenue must, by January 1, 2011, develop a
- 27 system, as resources permit, allowing sellers to voluntarily verify
- 28 through electronic means the validity of sellers' permits presented
- 29 to sellers from their customers.

- 31 NEW SECTION. Sec. 204. A new section is added to chapter
- 32 82.32 RCW to read as follows:
- 33 A person must, upon request of the department, provide the
- 34 department with a copy of all sellers' permits, or uniform exemption

1 certificates as authorized in RCW 82.04.470, accepted by that person

2 during the period specified by the department.

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- 4 **205.** RCW 82.04.470 and 2007 c 6 s 1201 are each amended to read 5 as follows:
- 6 (1) Unless a seller has taken from the buyer a ((resale 7 certificate)) seller's permit, the burden of proving that a sale of 8 tangible personal property, extended warranty, or of services, was not
- 9 a sale at retail shall be upon the person who made it.
- (2) If a seller does not receive a ((resale certificate)) seller's permit at the time of the sale, have a ((resale certificate)) seller's permit on file at the time of the sale, or obtain a ((resale certificate)) seller's permit from the buyer within a reasonable time after the sale, the seller shall remain liable for the tax as provided in RCW 82.08.050, unless the seller can demonstrate facts and circumstances according to rules adopted by the department ((ef revenue)) that show the sale was properly made without payment of
- 19 (3) ((The department may provide by rule for suggested forms for resale certificates or equivalent documents containing the information that will be accepted as resale certificates. The department shall provide by rule the categories of items or services that must be specified on resale certificates and the business classifications that may use a blanket resale certificate.
- 25 (4) As used in this section, "resale certificate" means
 26 documentation provided by a buyer to a seller stating that the
 27 purchase is for resale in the regular course of business, or that the
 28 buyer is exempt from retail sales tax, and containing the following
 29 information)) A seller's permit must contain such information as
 30 required by the department, which may include, but is not limited to:
- 31 (a) The name and address of the buyer;
- 32 (b) The ((uniform business identifier or revenue registration
- 33 number of the buyer, if the buyer is required to be registered))
- 34 seller's permit number issued by the department;

18 retail sales tax.

- 1 (c) The type of business engaged in;
- 2 (d) The categories of items or services to be purchased for resale
- 3 or that are ((exempt)) otherwise to be purchased at wholesale, unless
- 4 the buyer presents a blanket ((resale certificate)) seller's permit;
- 5 (e) The date on which the ((certificate)) <u>permit</u> was provided <u>to</u> 6 the seller;
- 7 (f) A statement that the items or services purchased either: (i)
- 8 Are purchased for resale in the regular course of business; or (ii)
- 9 are ((exempt from tax pursuant to statute)) otherwise purchased at
- 10 wholesale;
- 11 (g) A statement that the buyer acknowledges that the buyer is
- 12 solely responsible for purchasing within the categories specified on
- 13 the ((certificate)) permit and that misuse of the resale ((or
- 14 exemption)) privilege claimed on the ((certificate)) permit subjects
- 15 the buyer to ((a penalty of fifty percent of the tax due)) revocation
- 16 of the seller's permit, penalties as provided in RCW 82.32.290 and
- 17 82.32.291, in addition to the tax, interest, and any other penalties
- 18 imposed by law;
- 19 (h) The name of the individual authorized to sign the
- 20 ((certificate)) permit, printed in a legible fashion;
- 21 (i) The signature of the authorized individual; ((and))
- (j) The name of the seller;
- 23 (k) The date the permit was issued, renewed, or reinstated by the
- 24 department;
- 25 (1) The date that the permit expires;
- 26 (m) Instructions for renewing the permit; and
- 27 (n) A statement that the department is authorized to obtain
- 28 information concerning the buyer's purchase of items or services under
- 29 the permit from the seller to verify whether the buyer was authorized
- 30 to purchase such items or services without payment of retail sales
- 31 tax.
- 32 $((\frac{5}{1}))$ (4) Subsection $((\frac{4}{1}))$ (3)(h)($(\frac{1}{1})$) and (i)($(\frac{1}{1})$) of
- 33 this section does not apply if the ((certificate)) permit is provided
- 34 in a format other than paper. If the ((eertificate)) permit is

- 1 provided in a format other than paper, the name of the individual
- 2 providing the ((certificate)) permit must be included in the
- 3 ((certificate)) permit.
- 4 (5)(a) In lieu of a seller's permit issued by the department under
- 5 section 201 or 202 of this act, a seller may accept from a buyer that
- 6 is not required to be registered with the department under RCW
- 7 82.32.030 a properly completed:
- 8 (i) Uniform sales and use tax exemption certificate developed by
- 9 the multistate tax commission; or
- 10 (ii) Uniform exemption certificate approved by the streamlined
- 11 sales and use tax agreement governing board.
- 12 (b) A seller who accepts a properly completed exemption
- 13 certificate as authorized in (a) of this subsection is relieved of the
- 14 obligation to collect and remit retail sales tax.
- 15 (6) In lieu of a seller's permit issued by the department under
- 16 section 201 or 202 of this act, a seller may accept from a buyer that
- 17 is required to be registered with the department under RCW 82.32.030 a
- 18 properly completed uniform exemption certificate approved by the
- 19 streamlined sales and use tax agreement governing board as long as
- 20 that certificate includes the seller's permit number issued by the
- 21 department to the buyer.
- 22 (7) As used in this section, "seller's permit" means documentation
- 23 issued by the department under section 201 or 202 of this act and
- 24 provided by a buyer to a seller to substantiate a wholesale sale.

- 26 **Sec. 206.** RCW 82.08.050 and 2007 c 6 s 1202 are each amended to
- 27 read as follows:
- 28 (1) The tax hereby imposed shall be paid by the buyer to the
- 29 seller, and each seller shall collect from the buyer the full amount
- 30 of the tax payable in respect to each taxable sale in accordance with
- 31 the schedule of collections adopted by the department pursuant to the
- 32 provisions of RCW 82.08.060.
- 33 (2) The tax required by this chapter, to be collected by the
- 34 seller, shall be deemed to be held in trust by the seller until paid

- 1 to the department, and any seller who appropriates or converts the tax 2 collected to his or her own use or to any use other than the payment 3 of the tax to the extent that the money required to be collected is 4 not available for payment on the due date as prescribed in this 5 chapter is guilty of a gross misdemeanor.
- (3) In case any seller fails to collect the tax herein imposed or, having collected the tax, fails to pay it to the department in the manner prescribed by this chapter, whether such failure is the result of his or her own acts or the result of acts or conditions beyond his or her control, he or she shall, nevertheless, be personally liable to the state for the amount of the tax, unless the seller has taken from the buyer a ((resale certificate)) seller's permit or uniform exemption certificate authorized under RCW 82.04.470, a copy of a direct pay permit issued under RCW 82.32.087, a direct mail form under RCW 82.32.730(5), or other information required under the streamlined sales and use tax agreement, or information required under rules adopted by the department.
- 18 (4) Sellers shall not be relieved from personal liability for the 19 amount of the tax unless they maintain proper records of exempt 20 transactions and provide them to the department when requested.
- (5) Sellers are not relieved from personal liability for the amount of tax if they fraudulently fail to collect the tax or if they solicit purchasers to participate in an unlawful claim of exemption.
- 24 (6) Sellers are not relieved from personal liability for the 25 amount of tax if they accept an exemption certificate from a purchaser 26 claiming an entity-based exemption if:
- 27 (a) The subject of the transaction sought to be covered by the 28 exemption certificate is actually received by the purchaser at a 29 location operated by the seller in Washington; and
- 30 (b) Washington provides an exemption certificate that clearly and 31 affirmatively indicates that the claimed exemption is not available in 32 Washington. Graying out exemption reason types on a uniform form and 33 posting it on the department's web site is a clear and affirmative 34 indication that the grayed out exemptions are not available.

- (7)(a) Sellers are relieved from personal liability for the amount of tax if they obtain a fully completed exemption certificate or acapture the relevant data elements required under the streamlined sales and use tax agreement within ninety days, or a longer period as may be provided by rule by the department, subsequent to the date of sale.
- 7 (b) If the seller has not obtained an exemption certificate or all 8 relevant data elements required under the streamlined sales and use 9 tax agreement within the period allowed subsequent to the date of 10 sale, the seller may, within one hundred twenty days, or a longer 11 period as may be provided by rule by the department, subsequent to a 12 request for substantiation by the department, either prove that the 13 transaction was not subject to tax by other means or obtain a fully 14 completed exemption certificate from the purchaser, taken in good 15 faith.
- 16 (c) Sellers are relieved from personal liability for the amount of 17 tax if they obtain a blanket exemption certificate for a purchaser 18 with which the seller has a recurring business relationship. The 19 department request from a seller renewal of blanket may not 20 certificates or updates of exemption certificate information or data 21 elements if there is a recurring business relationship between the 22 buyer and seller. For purposes of this subsection (7)(c), a 23 "recurring business relationship" means at least one sale transaction 24 within a period of twelve consecutive months.
- 25 (8) The amount of tax, until paid by the buyer to the seller or to 26 the department, shall constitute a debt from the buyer to the seller 27 and any seller who fails or refuses to collect the tax as required 28 with intent to violate the provisions of this chapter or to gain some 29 advantage or benefit, either direct or indirect, and any buyer who 30 refuses to pay any tax due under this chapter is guilty of a 31 misdemeanor.
- 32 (9) The tax required by this chapter to be collected by the seller 33 shall be stated separately from the selling price in any sales invoice 34 or other instrument of sale. On all retail sales through vending

- 1 machines, the tax need not be stated separately from the selling price 2 or collected separately from the buyer. For purposes of determining 3 the tax due from the buyer to the seller and from the seller to the 4 department it shall be conclusively presumed that the selling price 5 quoted in any price list, sales document, contract or other agreement
- 6 between the parties does not include the tax imposed by this chapter,
- 7 but if the seller advertises the price as including the tax or that
- 8 the seller is paying the tax, the advertised price shall not be
- 9 considered the selling price.
- (10) Where a buyer has failed to pay to the seller the tax imposed by this chapter and the seller has not paid the amount of the tax to the department, the department may, in its discretion, proceed directly against the buyer for collection of the tax, in which case a penalty of ten percent may be added to the amount of the tax for failure of the buyer to pay the same to the seller, regardless of when the tax may be collected by the department; and all of the provisions
- 17 of chapter 82.32 RCW, including those relative to interest and
- 18 penalties, shall apply in addition; and, for the sole purpose of
- 19 applying the various provisions of chapter 82.32 RCW, the twenty-fifth
- 20 day of the month following the tax period in which the purchase was
- 21 made shall be considered as the due date of the tax.
- 22 (11) Notwithstanding subsections (1) through (10) of this section,
- 23 any person making sales is not obligated to collect the tax imposed by
- 24 this chapter if:
- 25 (a) The person's activities in this state, whether conducted
- 26 directly or through another person, are limited to:
- 27 (i) The storage, dissemination, or display of advertising;
- 28 (ii) The taking of orders; or
- 29 (iii) The processing of payments; and
- 30 (b) The activities are conducted electronically via a web site on
- 31 a server or other computer equipment located in Washington that is not
- 32 owned or operated by the person making sales into this state nor owned
- 33 or operated by an affiliated person. "Affiliated persons" has the
- 34 same meaning as provided in RCW 82.04.424.

- 1 (12) Subsection (11) of this section expires when: (a) The United 2 States congress grants individual states the authority to impose sales 3 and use tax collection duties on remote sellers; or (b) it is 4 determined by a court of competent jurisdiction, in a judgment not 5 subject to review, that a state can impose sales and use tax 6 collection duties on remote sellers.
- 7 (13) For purposes of this section, "seller" includes a certified 8 service provider, as defined in RCW 82.32.020, acting as agent for the 9 seller.

- 11 **Sec. 207.** RCW 82.08.130 and 1993 sp.s. c 25 s 702 are each 12 amended to read as follows:
- 13 (1) If a buyer normally is engaged in both consuming and reselling 14 certain types of articles of tangible personal property and is not 15 able to determine at the time of purchase whether the particular 16 property acquired will be consumed or resold, the buyer may use a 17 ((resale certificate)) seller's permit or, if eligible, a uniform 18 exemption certificate authorized under RCW 82.04.470 for the entire 19 purchase if the buyer principally resells the articles according to 10 the general nature of the buyer's business. The buyer shall account 16 for the value of any articles purchased with a ((resale certificate)) 12 seller's permit or uniform exemption certificate authorized under RCW 182.04.470 that are used by the buyer and remit the deferred sales tax 19 on the articles to the department.
- 25 (2) A buyer who pays a tax on all purchases and subsequently resells 26 an article or service at retail, without intervening use by the buyer, 27 shall collect the tax from the purchaser as otherwise provided by law 28 and is entitled to a deduction or credit on the buyer's tax return 29 equal to, in the case of a deduction, the cost to the buyer of the 30 property or service resold upon which retail sales tax has been paid, 31 and in the case of a credit, the amount of state and local sales taxes 22 paid with respect to the property or service resold. The deduction or 33 credit is allowed only if the taxpayer keeps and preserves records 34 that show the names of the persons from whom the articles or services

- 1 were purchased, the date of the purchase, the type of articles $\underline{\text{or}}$
- $2\ \underline{\text{services}},$ the amount of the purchase, and the tax that was paid.
- 3 $\underline{(3)}$ The department $((\frac{\text{shall}}{}))$ $\underline{\text{must}}$ provide by rule for the refund or
- 4 credit of retail sales tax paid by a buyer for purchases that are
- 5 later ((sold at wholesale)) resold without intervening use by the
- 6 buyer or for purchases that would otherwise have met the definition of
- 7 wholesale sale if the buyer had provided the seller with a seller's
- 8 permit or uniform exemption certificate as authorized in RCW
- 9 82.04.470.
- 10 (4) Nothing in this section may be construed to authorize a
- 11 deduction or credit in respect to the purchase of services if the
- 12 services are not of a type that can be sold at wholesale under the
- 13 definition of wholesale sale in RCW 82.04.060.

- 15 **Sec. 208.** RCW 82.14B.042 and 2002 c 341 s 10 are each amended to 16 read as follows:
- 17 (1) The state enhanced 911 excise taxes imposed by this chapter
- 18 must be paid by the subscriber to the local exchange company providing
- 19 the switched access line or the radio communications service company
- 20 providing the radio access line, and each local exchange company and
- 21 each radio communications service company shall collect from the
- 22 subscriber the full amount of the taxes payable. The state enhanced
- 23 911 excise taxes required by this chapter to be collected by the local
- 24 exchange company or the radio communications service company are
- 25 deemed to be held in trust by the local exchange company or the radio
- 26 communications service company until paid to the department. Any
- 27 local exchange company or radio communications service company that
- 28 appropriates or converts the tax collected to its own use or to any
- 29 use other than the payment of the tax to the extent that the money
- 30 collected is not available for payment on the due date as prescribed
- 31 in this chapter is guilty of a gross misdemeanor.
- 32 (2) If any local exchange company or radio communications service
- 33 company fails to collect the state enhanced 911 excise tax or, after
- 34 collecting the tax, fails to pay it to the department in the manner

1 prescribed by this chapter, whether such failure is the result of its 2 own act or the result of acts or conditions beyond its control, the 3 local exchange company or the radio communications service company is 4 personally liable to the state for the amount of the tax, unless the 5 local exchange company or the radio communications service company has 6 taken from the buyer in good faith ((a properly executed resale 7 certificate under RCW 82.14B.200)) documentation, in a form and manner 8 prescribed by the department, stating that the buyer is not a 9 subscriber or is otherwise not liable for the state enhanced 911 tax.

- (3) The amount of tax, until paid by the subscriber to the local exchange company, the radio communications service company, or to the department, constitutes a debt from the subscriber to the local exchange company or the radio communications service company. Any local exchange company or radio communications service company that fails or refuses to collect the tax as required with intent to violate the provisions of this chapter or to gain some advantage or benefit, either direct or indirect, and any subscriber who refuses to pay any tax due under this chapter is guilty of a misdemeanor. The state enhanced 911 excise taxes required by this chapter to be collected by the local exchange company or the radio communications service company must be stated separately on the billing statement that is sent to the subscriber.
- 24 company or the radio communications service company the state enhanced 25 911 excise taxes imposed by this chapter and the local exchange 26 company or the radio communications service company has not paid the 27 amount of the tax to the department, the department may, in its 28 discretion, proceed directly against the subscriber for collection of 29 the tax, in which case a penalty of ten percent may be added to the 30 amount of the tax for failure of the subscriber to pay the tax to the 31 local exchange company or the radio communications service company, 32 regardless of when the tax is collected by the department. Tax under 33 this chapter is due as provided under RCW 82.14B.061.

- 1 **Sec.209.** RCW 82.14B.200 and 2002 c 341 s 12 are each amended to 2 read as follows:
- (1) Unless a local exchange company or a radio communications 4 service company has taken from the buyer ((a resale certificate or 5 equivalent document under RCW 82.04.470)) documentation, in a form and 6 manner prescribed by the department, stating that the buyer is not a 7 subscriber or is otherwise not liable for the tax, the burden of 8 proving that a sale of the use of a switched access line or radio 9 access line was not a sale to a subscriber or was not otherwise

10 subject to the tax is upon the person who made the sale.

- (2) If a local exchange company or a radio communications service company does not receive ((a resale certificate)) documentation, in a form and manner prescribed by the department, stating that the buyer is not a subscriber or is otherwise not liable for the tax at the time of the sale, have ((a resale certificate)) such documentation on file at the time of the sale, or obtain ((a resale certificate)) such documentation from the buyer within a reasonable time after the sale, the local exchange company or the radio communications service company remains liable for the tax as provided in RCW 82.14B.042, unless the local exchange company or the radio communications service company can demonstrate facts and circumstances according to rules adopted by the department of revenue that show the sale was properly made without payment of the state enhanced 911 excise tax.
- (3) The penalty imposed by RCW 82.32.291 may not be assessed on state enhanced 911 excise taxes due but not paid as a result of the improper use of ((a resale certificate)) documentation stating that the buyer is not a subscriber or is otherwise not liable for the state enhanced 911 tax. This subsection does not prohibit or restrict the application of other penalties authorized by law.

- 31 **Sec.210.** RCW 82.32.087 and 2001 c 188 s 2 are each amended to 32 read as follows:
- 33 (1) The director may grant a direct pay permit to a taxpayer who 34 demonstrates, to the satisfaction of the director, that the taxpayer

1 meets the requirements of this section. The direct pay permit allows
2 the taxpayer to accrue and remit directly to the department use tax on
3 the acquisition of tangible personal property or sales tax on the sale
4 of or charges made for labor and/or services, in accordance with all
5 of the applicable provisions of this title. Any taxpayer that uses a
6 direct pay permit shall remit state and local sales or use tax
7 directly to the department. The agreement by the purchaser to remit
8 tax directly to the department, rather than pay sales or use tax to
9 the seller, relieves the seller of the obligation to collect sales or
10 use tax and requires the buyer to pay use tax on the tangible personal
11 property and sales tax on the sale of or charges made for labor and/or
12 services.

- (2)(a) A taxpayer may apply for a permit under this section if the taxpayer (i) is subject to mandatory use of electronic funds transfer under RCW 82.32.080; or (ii) makes purchases subject to the taxes imposed under chapter 82.08 or 82.12 RCW in excess of ten million dollars per calendar year.
- 18 (b) Application for a permit must be made in writing to the 19 director in a form and manner prescribed by the department. A 20 taxpayer who transacts business in two or more locations may submit 21 one application to cover the multiple locations.
- 22 (c) The director shall review a direct pay permit application in a 23 timely manner and shall notify the applicant, in writing, of the 24 approval or denial of the application. The department shall approve 25 or deny an application based on the applicant's ability to comply with 26 local government use tax coding capabilities and responsibilities; 27 requirements for vendor notification; recordkeeping obligations; 28 electronic data capabilities; and tax reporting procedures. 29 Additionally, an application may be denied if the director determines 30 that denial would be in the best interest of collecting taxes due 31 under this title. The department shall provide a direct pay permit to 32 an approved applicant with the notice of approval. The direct pay 33 permit shall clearly state that the holder is solely responsible for 34 the accrual and payment of the tax imposed under chapters 82.08 and

- 1 82.12 RCW and that the seller is relieved of liability to collect tax
- 2 imposed under chapters 82.08 and 82.12 RCW on all sales to the direct
- 3 pay permit holder. The taxpayer may petition the director for
- 4 reconsideration of a denial.
- 5 (d) A taxpayer who uses a direct pay permit must continue to
- 6 maintain records that are necessary to a determination of the tax
- 7 liability in accordance with this title. A direct pay permit is not
- 8 transferable and the use of a direct pay permit may not be assigned to
- 9 a third party.
- 10 (3) Taxes for which the direct pay permit is used are due and
- 11 payable on the tax return for the reporting period in which the
- 12 taxpayer (a) receives the tangible personal property purchased or in
- 13 which the labor and/or services are performed or (b) receives an
- 14 invoice for such property or such labor and/or services, whichever
- 15 period is earlier.
- 16 (4) The holder of a direct pay permit shall furnish a copy of the
- 17 direct pay permit to each vendor with whom the taxpayer has opted to
- 18 use a direct pay permit. Sellers who make sales upon which the sales
- 19 or use tax is not collected by reason of the provisions of this
- 20 section, in addition to existing requirements under this title, shall
- 21 maintain a copy of the direct pay permit and any such records or
- 22 information as the department may specify.
- 23 (5) A direct pay permit is subject to revocation by the director
- 24 at any time the department determines that the taxpayer has violated
- 25 any provision of this section or that revocation would be in the best
- 26 interests of collecting the taxes due under this title. The notice of
- 27 revocation must be in writing and is effective either as of the end of
- 28 the taxpayer's next normal reporting period or a date deemed
- 29 appropriate by the director and identified in the revocation notice.
- 30 The taxpayer may petition the director for reconsideration of a
- 31 revocation and reinstatement of the permit.
- 32 (6) Any taxpayer who chooses to no longer use a direct pay permit
- 33 or whose permit is revoked by the department, shall return the permit
- 34 to the department and immediately make a good faith effort to notify

- 1 all vendors to whom the permit was given, advising them that the 2 permit is no longer valid.
- 3 (7) Except as provided in this subsection, the direct pay permit
- 4 may be used for any purchase of tangible personal property and any
- 5 retail sale under RCW 82.04.050. The direct pay permit may not be
- 6 used for:
- 7 (a) Purchases of meals or beverages;
- 8 (b) Purchases of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, airplanes, and
- 9 other property subject to requirements for title transactions by the
- 10 department of licensing;
- 11 (c) Purchases for which a ((resale certificate)) seller's permit
- 12 or uniform exemption certificate authorized under RCW 82.04.470 may be
- 13 used;
- (d) Purchases that meet the definitions of RCW 82.04.050 (2) (e)
- 15 and (f), (3) (a) through (d), (f), and (g), and (5); or
- 16 (e) Other activities subject to tax under chapter 82.08 or 82.12
- 17 RCW that the department by rule designates, consistent with the
- 18 purposes of this section, as activities for which a direct pay permit
- 19 is not appropriate and may not be used.
- 20
- 21 Sec.211. RCW 82.32.290 and 1985 c 414 s 2 are each amended to
- 22 read as follows:
- 23 (1)(a) It shall be unlawful:
- 24 (i) For any person to engage in business without having obtained a
- 25 certificate of registration as provided in this chapter;
- 26 (ii) For the president, vice president, secretary, treasurer, or
- 27 other officer of any company to cause or permit the company to engage
- 28 in business without having obtained a certificate of registration as
- 29 provided in this chapter;
- 30 (iii) For any person to tear down or remove any order or notice
- 31 posted by the department;
- 32 (iv) For any person to aid or abet another in any attempt to evade
- 33 the payment of any tax or any part thereof;

- 1 (v) For any purchaser to fraudulently sign or furnish to a seller
- 2 a ((resale certificate)) seller's permit or uniform exemption
- 3 certificate authorized under RCW 82.04.470 without intent to resell
- 4 the property purchased; or
- 5 (vi) For any person to fail or refuse to permit the examination of
- 6 any book, paper, account, record, or other data by the department or
- 7 its duly authorized agent; or to fail or refuse to permit the
- 8 inspection or appraisal of any property by the department or its duly
- 9 authorized agent; or to refuse to offer testimony or produce any
- 10 record as required.
- 11 (b) Any person violating any of the provisions of this subsection
- 12 (1) shall be guilty of a gross misdemeanor in accordance with chapter
- 13 9A.20 RCW.
- 14 (2)(a) It shall be unlawful:
- 15 (i) For any person to engage in business after revocation of a
- 16 certificate of registration;
- 17 (ii) For the president, vice president, secretary, treasurer, or
- 18 other officer of any company to cause or permit the company to engage
- 19 in business after revocation of a certificate of registration; or
- 20 (iii) For any person to make any false or fraudulent return or
- 21 false statement in any return, with intent to defraud the state or
- 22 evade the payment of any tax or part thereof.
- 23 (b) Any person violating any of the provisions of this subsection
- 24 (2) shall be guilty of a class C felony in accordance with chapter
- 25 9A.20 RCW.
- 26 (3) In addition to the foregoing penalties, any person who
- 27 knowingly swears to or verifies any false or fraudulent return, or any
- 28 return containing any false or fraudulent statement with the intent
- 29 aforesaid, shall be guilty of the offense of perjury in the second
- 30 degree; and any company for which a false return, or a return
- 31 containing a false statement, as aforesaid, is made, shall be
- 32 punished, upon conviction thereof, by a fine of not more than one
- 33 thousand dollars. All penalties or punishments provided in this
- 34 section shall be in addition to all other penalties provided by law.

- 1 **Sec. 212.** RCW 82.32.291 and 1993 sp.s. c 25 s 703 are each 2 amended to read as follows:
- Any person who uses a ((resale certificate)) seller's permit to
- 4 purchase items or services without payment of sales tax, or who uses a
- 5 uniform exemption certificate developed by the multistate tax
- 6 commission or approved by the streamlined sales and use tax agreement
- 7 governing board to claim a purchase for resale exemption, and who is
- 8 not entitled to use the seller's permit or exemption certificate for
- 9 the purchase shall be assessed a penalty of fifty percent of the tax
- 10 due, in addition to all other taxes, penalties, and interest due, on
- 11 the improperly purchased item or service. The department may waive
- 12 the penalty imposed under this section if it finds that the use of the
- 13 seller's permit or exemption certificate was due to circumstances
- 14 beyond the taxpayer's control or if the seller's permit or exemption
- 15 certificate was properly used for purchases for dual purposes. The
- 16 department shall define by rule what circumstances are considered to
- 17 be beyond the taxpayer's control.
- 18
- 19 Sec. 213. RCW 82.32.330 and 2008 c 81 s 11 are each amended to
- 20 read as follows:
- 21 (1) For purposes of this section:
- 22 (a) "Disclose" means to make known to any person in any manner
- 23 whatever a return or tax information;
- 24 (b) "Return" means a tax or information return or claim for refund
- 25 required by, or provided for or permitted under, the laws of this
- 26 state which is filed with the department of revenue by, on behalf of,
- 27 or with respect to a person, and any amendment or supplement thereto,
- 28 including supporting schedules, attachments, or lists that are
- 29 supplemental to, or part of, the return so filed;
- 30 (c) "Tax information" means (i) a taxpayer's identity, (ii) the
- 31 nature, source, or amount of the taxpayer's income, payments,
- 32 receipts, deductions, exemptions, credits, assets, liabilities, net
- 33 worth, tax liability deficiencies, overassessments, or tax payments,
- 34 whether taken from the taxpayer's books and records or any other

2 examined or subject to other investigation or processing, (iv) a part 3 of a written determination that is not designated as a precedent and 4 disclosed pursuant to RCW 82.32.410, or a background file document 5 relating to a written determination, and (v) other data received by, 6 recorded by, prepared by, furnished to, or collected by the department 7 of revenue with respect to the determination of the existence, or 8 possible existence, of liability, or the amount thereof, of a person

1 source, (iii) whether the taxpayer's return was, is being, or will be

- 9 under the laws of this state for a tax, penalty, interest, fine,
- 10 forfeiture, or other imposition, or offense((\div PROVIDED, That)).
- 11 However, data, material, or documents that do not disclose information
- 12 related to a specific or identifiable taxpayer do not constitute tax
- 13 information under this section. Except as provided by RCW 82.32.410,
- 14 nothing in this chapter shall require any person possessing data,
- 15 material, or documents made confidential and privileged by this
- 16 section to delete information from such data, material, or documents
- 17 so as to permit its disclosure;
- 18 (d) "State agency" means every Washington state office,
- 19 department, division, bureau, board, commission, or other state
- 20 agency;
- 21 (e) "Taxpayer identity" means the taxpayer's name, address,
- 22 telephone number, registration number, or any combination thereof, or
- 23 any other information disclosing the identity of the taxpayer; and
- 24 (f) "Department" means the department of revenue or its officer,
- 25 agent, employee, or representative.
- 26 (2) Returns and tax information ((shall be)) are confidential and
- 27 privileged, and except as authorized by this section, neither the
- 28 department of revenue nor any other person may disclose any return or
- 29 tax information.
- 30 (3) This section does not prohibit the department of revenue from:
- 31 (a) Disclosing such return or tax information in a civil or
- 32 criminal judicial proceeding or an administrative proceeding:

- 1 (i) In respect of any tax imposed under the laws of this state if 2 the taxpayer or its officer or other person liable under Title 82 RCW 3 is a party in the proceeding; or
- 4 (ii) In which the taxpayer about whom such return or tax 5 information is sought and another state agency are adverse parties in 6 the proceeding;
- (b) Disclosing, subject to such requirements and conditions as the 8 director ((shall)) prescribes by rules adopted pursuant to chapter 9 34.05 RCW, such return or tax information regarding a taxpayer to such 10 taxpayer or to such person or persons as that taxpayer may designate 11 in a request for, or consent to, such disclosure, or to any other 12 person, at the taxpayer's request, to the extent necessary to comply 13 with a request for information or assistance made by the taxpayer to 14 such other person((* PROVIDED, That)). However, tax information not 15 received from the taxpayer ((shall)) must not be so disclosed if the 16 director determines that such disclosure would compromise any 17 investigation or litigation by any federal, state, or local government 18 agency in connection with the civil or criminal liability of the 19 taxpayer or another person, or that such disclosure would identify a 20 confidential informant, or that such disclosure is contrary to any 21 agreement entered into by the department that provides for the 22 reciprocal exchange of information with other government agencies 23 which agreement requires confidentiality with respect to 24 information unless such information is required to be disclosed to the 25 taxpayer by the order of any court;
- (c) Disclosing the name of a taxpayer with a deficiency greater than five thousand dollars and against whom a warrant under RCW 82.32.210 has been either issued or filed and remains outstanding for a period of at least ten working days. The department ((shall)) is not ((be)) required to disclose any information under this subsection if a taxpayer: (i) Has been issued a tax assessment; (ii) has been issued a warrant that has not been filed; and (iii) has entered a deferred payment arrangement with the department of revenue and is

- 1 making payments upon such deficiency that will fully satisfy the 2 indebtedness within twelve months;
- 3 (d) Disclosing the name of a taxpayer with a deficiency greater
- 4 than five thousand dollars and against whom a warrant under RCW
- 5 82.32.210 has been filed with a court of record and remains
- 6 outstanding;
- 7 (e) Publishing statistics so classified as to prevent the
- 8 identification of particular returns or reports or items thereof;
- 9 (f) Disclosing such return or tax information, for official
- 10 purposes only, to the governor or attorney general, or to any state
- 11 agency, or to any committee or subcommittee of the legislature dealing
- 12 with matters of taxation, revenue, trade, commerce, the control of
- 13 industry or the professions;
- 14 (g) Permitting the department of revenue's records to be audited
- 15 and examined by the proper state officer, his or her agents and
- 16 employees;
- 17 (h) Disclosing any such return or tax information to a peace
- 18 officer as defined in RCW 9A.04.110 or county prosecuting attorney,
- 19 for official purposes. The disclosure may be made only in response to
- 20 a search warrant, subpoena, or other court order, unless the
- 21 disclosure is for the purpose of criminal tax enforcement. A peace
- 22 officer or county prosecuting attorney who receives the return or tax
- 23 information may disclose that return or tax information only for use
- 24 in the investigation and a related court proceeding, or in the court
- 25 proceeding for which the return or tax information originally was
- 26 sought;
- 27 (i) Disclosing any such return or tax information to the proper
- 28 officer of the internal revenue service of the United States, the
- 29 Canadian government or provincial governments of Canada, or to the
- 30 proper officer of the tax department of any state or city or town or
- 31 county, for official purposes, but only if the statutes of the United
- 32 States, Canada or its provincial governments, or of such other state
- 33 or city or town or county, as the case may be, grants substantially
- 34 similar privileges to the proper officers of this state;

- 1 (j) Disclosing any such return or tax information to the 2 Department of Justice, including the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, 3 Firearms and Explosives within the Department of Justice, the 4 Department of Defense, the Immigration and Customs Enforcement and the 5 Customs and Border Protection agencies of the United States Department 6 of Homeland Security, the Coast Guard of the United States, and the 7 United States Department of Transportation, or any authorized 8 representative ((thereof)) of these federal agencies, for official 9 purposes;
- 10 (k) Publishing or otherwise disclosing the text of a written 11 determination designated by the director as a precedent pursuant to 12 RCW 82.32.410;
- (1) Disclosing, in a manner that is not associated with other tax information, the taxpayer name, entity type, business address, mailing address, revenue tax registration numbers, seller's permit numbers and the status of such permits. North American industry classification system or standard industrial classification code of a taxpayer, and the dates of opening and closing of business. This subsection ((shall)) must not be construed as giving authority to the department to give, sell, or provide access to any list of taxpayers for any commercial purpose;
- 22 (m) Disclosing such return or tax information that is also 23 maintained by another Washington state or local governmental agency as 24 a public record available for inspection and copying under the 25 provisions of chapter 42.56 RCW or is a document maintained by a court 26 of record and is not otherwise prohibited from disclosure;
- (n) Disclosing such return or tax information to the United States department of agriculture for the limited purpose of investigating food stamp fraud by retailers;
- 30 (o) Disclosing to a financial institution, escrow company, or 31 title company, in connection with specific real property that is the 32 subject of a real estate transaction, current amounts due the 33 department for a filed tax warrant, judgment, or lien against the real 34 property;

- 1 (p) Disclosing to a person against whom the department has 2 asserted liability as a successor under RCW 82.32.140 return or tax 3 information pertaining to the specific business of the taxpayer to 4 which the person has succeeded;
- 5 (q) Disclosing such return or tax information in the possession of 6 the department relating to the administration or enforcement of the 7 real estate excise tax imposed under chapter 82.45 RCW, including 8 information regarding transactions exempt or otherwise not subject to 9 tax; or
- 10 (r) Disclosing to local taxing jurisdictions the identity of 11 sellers granted relief under RCW 82.32.430(5)(b)(i) and the period for 12 which relief is granted.
- 13 (4)(a) The department may disclose return or taxpayer information 14 to a person under investigation or during any court or administrative 15 proceeding against a person under investigation as provided in this 16 subsection (4). The disclosure must be in connection with the 17 department's official duties relating to an audit, collection 18 activity, or a civil or criminal investigation. The disclosure may 19 occur only when the person under investigation and the person in 20 possession of data, materials, or documents are parties to the return 21 or tax information to be disclosed. The department may disclose 22 return or tax information such as invoices, contracts, bills, 23 statements, resale or exemption certificates, or checks. However, the 24 department may not disclose general ledgers, sales or cash receipt 25 journals, check registers, accounts receivable/payable ledgers, 26 general journals, financial statements, expert's workpapers, income 27 tax returns, state tax returns, tax return workpapers, or other 28 similar data, materials, or documents.
- (b) Before disclosure of any tax return or tax information under this subsection (4), the department ((shall)) must, through written correspondence, inform the person in possession of the data, materials, or documents to be disclosed. The correspondence ((shall)) must clearly identify the data, materials, or documents to be disclosed. The department may not disclose any tax return or tax

- 1 information under this subsection (4) until the time period allowed in
- 2 (c) of this subsection has expired or until the court has ruled on any
- 3 challenge brought under (c) of this subsection.
- 4 (c) The person in possession of the data, materials, or documents
- 5 to be disclosed by the department has twenty days from the receipt of
- 6 the written request required under (b) of this subsection to petition
- 7 the superior court of the county in which the petitioner resides for
- 8 injunctive relief. The court shall limit or deny the request of the
- 9 department if the court determines that:
- 10 (i) The data, materials, or documents sought for disclosure are
- 11 cumulative or duplicative, or are obtainable from some other source
- 12 that is more convenient, less burdensome, or less expensive;
- 13 (ii) The production of the data, materials, or documents sought
- 14 would be unduly burdensome or expensive, taking into account the needs
- 15 of the department, the amount in controversy, limitations on the
- 16 petitioner's resources, and the importance of the issues at stake; or
- 17 (iii) The data, materials, or documents sought for disclosure
- 18 contain trade secret information that, if disclosed, could harm the
- 19 petitioner.
- 20 (d) The department ((shall)) must reimburse reasonable expenses
- 21 for the production of data, materials, or documents incurred by the
- 22 person in possession of the data, materials, or documents to be
- 23 disclosed.
- 24 (e) Requesting information under (b) of this subsection that may
- 25 indicate that a taxpayer is under investigation does not constitute a
- 26 disclosure of tax return or tax information under this section.
- 27 (5) Any person acquiring knowledge of any return or tax
- 28 information in the course of his or her employment with the department
- 29 of revenue and any person acquiring knowledge of any return or tax
- 30 information as provided under subsection (3)(f), (g), (h), (i), (j),
- 31 or (n) of this section, who discloses any such return or tax
- 32 information to another person not entitled to knowledge of such return
- 33 or tax information under the provisions of this section, is guilty of
- 34 a misdemeanor. If the person guilty of such violation is an officer

1 or employee of the state, such person ((shall)) <u>must</u> forfeit such 2 office or employment and ((shall be)) <u>is</u> incapable of holding any 3 public office or employment in this state for a period of two years 4 thereafter.

- 6 **Sec. 214.** RCW 82.72.040 and 2004 c 254 s 6 are each amended to 7 read as follows:
- 8 (1) Telephone program excise taxes must be paid by the subscriber 9 to the local exchange company providing the switched access line, and 10 each local exchange company shall collect from the subscriber the full 11 amount of the taxes payable. Telephone program excise taxes to be 12 collected by the local exchange company are deemed to be held in trust 13 by the local exchange company until paid to the department. Any local 14 exchange company that appropriates or converts the tax collected to 15 its own use or to any use other than the payment of the tax to the 16 extent that the money collected is not available for payment on the 17 due date as prescribed in this chapter is guilty of a gross 18 misdemeanor.
- 19 (2) If any local exchange company fails to collect telephone 20 program excise taxes or, after collecting the tax, fails to pay it to 21 the department in the manner prescribed by this chapter, whether such 22 failure is the result of its own act or the result of acts or 23 conditions beyond its control, the local exchange company is 24 personally liable to the state for the amount of the tax, unless the 25 local exchange company has taken from the buyer in good faith ((a 26 properly executed resale certificate under RCW 82.72.070)) 27 documentation, in a form and manner prescribed by the department, 28 stating that the buyer is not a subscriber or is otherwise not liable 29 for telephone program excise taxes.
- 30 (3) The amount of tax, until paid by the subscriber to the local 31 exchange company or to the department, constitutes a debt from the 32 subscriber to the local exchange company. Any local exchange company 33 that fails or refuses to collect telephone program excise taxes as 34 required with intent to violate the provisions of this chapter or to

- 1 gain some advantage or benefit, either direct or indirect, and any 2 subscriber who refuses to pay any telephone excise tax is guilty of a 3 misdemeanor.
- 4 (4) If a subscriber has failed to pay to the local exchange 5 company the telephone program excise taxes and the local exchange 6 company has not paid the amount of the tax to the department, the 7 department may, in its discretion, proceed directly against the 8 subscriber for collection of the tax, in which case a penalty of ten 9 percent may be added to the amount of the tax for failure of the 10 subscriber to pay the tax to the local exchange company, regardless of 11 when the tax is collected by the department. Telephone program excise 12 taxes are due as provided under RCW 82.72.050.

- 14 **Sec. 215.** RCW 82.72.070 and 2004 c 254 s 9 are each amended to 15 read as follows:
- (1) Unless a local exchange company has taken from the buyer ((a resale certificate or equivalent document under RCW 82.04.470))

 18 documentation, in a form and manner prescribed by the department,

 19 stating that the buyer is not a subscriber or is otherwise not liable

 20 for telephone program excise taxes, the burden of proving that a sale

 21 of the use of a switched access line was not a sale to a subscriber or

 22 was otherwise not subject to telephone program excise taxes is upon
- 23 the person who made the sale.
- (2) If a local exchange company does not receive ((a resale certificate)) documentation, in a form and manner prescribed by the department, stating that the buyer is not a subscriber or is otherwise not liable for telephone program excise taxes at the time of the sale, have ((a resale certificate)) such documentation on file at the time of the sale, or obtain ((a resale certificate)) such documentation from the buyer within a reasonable time after the sale, the local exchange company remains liable for the telephone program excise taxes as provided in RCW 82.72.040, unless the local exchange company can demonstrate facts and circumstances according to rules adopted by the

1 department that show the sale was properly made without payment of 2 telephone program excise taxes.

(3) The penalty imposed by RCW 82.32.291 may not be assessed on 4 telephone program excise taxes that are due but not paid as a result 5 of the improper use of ((a resale certificate)) documentation stating 6 that the buyer is not a subscriber or is otherwise not liable for 7 telephone program excise taxes. This subsection does not prohibit or 8 restrict the application of other penalties authorized by law.

PART III

9

10

11

Technical Changes 12

13

14 Sec. 301. RCW 82.04.050 and 2007 c 54 s 4 and 2007 c 6 s 1004 are 15 each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

- 16 (1) "Sale at retail" or "retail sale" means every sale of tangible 17 personal property (including articles produced, fabricated, 18 imprinted) to all persons irrespective of the nature of their business $^{
 m 19}$ and including, among others, without limiting the scope hereof, 20 persons who install, repair, clean, alter, improve, construct, or 21 decorate real or personal property of or for consumers other than a 22 sale to a person who presents a ((resale certificate under)) seller's 23 permit or uniform exemption certificate in conformity with RCW
- 24 82.04.470 and who:
- 25 (a) Purchases for the purpose of resale as tangible personal 26 property in the regular course of business without intervening use by 27 such person, but a purchase for the purpose of resale by a regional 28 transit authority under RCW 81.112.300 is not a sale for resale; or
- 29 Installs, repairs, cleans, alters, imprints, 30 constructs, or decorates real or personal property of or for 31 consumers, if such tangible personal property becomes an ingredient or 32 component of such real or personal property without intervening use by 33 such person; or

- 1 (c) Purchases for the purpose of consuming the property purchased 2 in producing for sale a new article of tangible personal property or 3 substance, of which such property becomes an ingredient or component 4 or is a chemical used in processing, when the primary purpose of such 5 chemical is to create a chemical reaction directly through contact 6 with an ingredient of a new article being produced for sale; or
- 7 (d) Purchases for the purpose of consuming the property purchased 8 in producing ferrosilicon which is subsequently used in producing 9 magnesium for sale, if the primary purpose of such property is to 10 create a chemical reaction directly through contact with an ingredient 11 of ferrosilicon; or
- (e) Purchases for the purpose of providing the property to consumers as part of competitive telephone service, as defined in RCW 82.04.065. The term shall include every sale of tangible personal property which is used or consumed or to be used or consumed in the performance of any activity classified as a "sale at retail" or "retail sale" even though such property is resold or utilized as provided in (a), (b), (c), (d), or (e) of this subsection following such use. The term also means every sale of tangible personal property to persons engaged in any business which is taxable under RCW 82.04.280 (2) and (7), 82.04.290, and 82.04.2908; or
- (f) Purchases for the purpose of satisfying the person's obligations under an extended warranty as defined in subsection (7) of this section, if such tangible personal property replaces or becomes an ingredient or component of property covered by the extended warranty without intervening use by such person.
- 27 (2) The term "sale at retail" or "retail sale" shall include the 28 sale of or charge made for tangible personal property consumed and/or 29 for labor and services rendered in respect to the following:
- (a) The installing, repairing, cleaning, altering, imprinting, or improving of tangible personal property of or for consumers, including charges made for the mere use of facilities in respect thereto, but excluding charges made for the use of self-service laundry facilities, and also excluding sales of laundry service to nonprofit health care

- 1 facilities, and excluding services rendered in respect to live 2 animals, birds and insects;
- 3 (b) The constructing, repairing, decorating, or improving of new 4 or existing buildings or other structures under, upon, or above real 5 property of or for consumers, including the installing or attaching of 6 any article of tangible personal property therein or thereto, whether 7 or not such personal property becomes a part of the realty by virtue 8 of installation, and shall also include the sale of services or 9 charges made for the clearing of land and the moving of earth 10 excepting the mere leveling of land used in commercial farming or 11 agriculture;
- (c) The constructing, repairing, or improving of any structure upon, above, or under any real property owned by an owner who conveys the property by title, possession, or any other means to the person performing such construction, repair, or improvement for the purpose of performing such construction, repair, or improvement and the property is then reconveyed by title, possession, or any other means to the original owner;
- (d) The cleaning, fumigating, razing, or moving of existing buildings or structures, but shall not include the charge made for 21 janitorial services; and for purposes of this section the term 22 "janitorial services" shall mean those cleaning and caretaking 23 services ordinarily performed by commercial janitor service businesses 24 including, but not limited to, wall and window washing, floor cleaning 25 and waxing, and the cleaning in place of rugs, drapes and upholstery. 26 The term "janitorial services" does not include painting, papering, 27 repairing, furnace or septic tank cleaning, snow removal or 28 sandblasting;
- 29 (e) Automobile towing and similar automotive transportation 30 services, but not in respect to those required to report and pay taxes 31 under chapter 82.16 RCW;
- 32 (f) The furnishing of lodging and all other services by a hotel, 33 rooming house, tourist court, motel, trailer camp, and the granting of 34 any similar license to use real property, as distinguished from the 6173 AMH PETE 050 Official Print - 33

- 1 renting or leasing of real property, and it shall be presumed that the
- 2 occupancy of real property for a continuous period of one month or
- 3 more constitutes a rental or lease of real property and not a mere
- 4 license to use or enjoy the same. For the purposes of this
- 5 subsection, it shall be presumed that the sale of and charge made for
- 6 the furnishing of lodging for a continuous period of one month or more
- 7 to a person is a rental or lease of real property and not a mere
- 8 license to enjoy the same;
- 9 (g) Persons taxable under (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), and (f) of this
- 10 subsection when such sales or charges are for property, labor and
- 11 services which are used or consumed in whole or in part by such
- 12 persons in the performance of any activity defined as a "sale at
- 13 retail" or "retail sale" even though such property, labor and services
- 14 may be resold after such use or consumption. Nothing contained in
- 15 this subsection shall be construed to modify subsection (1) of this
- 16 section and nothing contained in subsection (1) of this section shall
- 17 be construed to modify this subsection.
- 18 (3) The term "sale at retail" or "retail sale" shall include the
- 19 sale of or charge made for personal, business, or professional
- 20 services including amounts designated as interest, rents, fees,
- 21 admission, and other service emoluments however designated, received
- 22 by persons engaging in the following business activities:
- 23 (a) Amusement and recreation services including but not limited to
- 24 golf, pool, billiards, skating, bowling, ski lifts and tows, day trips
- 25 for sightseeing purposes, and others, when provided to consumers;
- 26 (b) Abstract, title insurance, and escrow services;
- 27 (c) Credit bureau services;
- 28 (d) Automobile parking and storage garage services;
- 29 (e) Landscape maintenance and horticultural services but excluding
- 30 (i) horticultural services provided to farmers and (ii) pruning,
- 31 trimming, repairing, removing, and clearing of trees and brush near
- 32 electric transmission or distribution lines or equipment, if performed
- 33 by or at the direction of an electric utility;

- 1 (f) Service charges associated with tickets to professional 2 sporting events; and
- 3 (g) The following personal services: Physical fitness services,
- 4 tanning salon services, tattoo parlor services, steam bath services,
- 5 turkish bath services, escort services, and dating services.
- 6 (4)(a) The term shall also include:
- 7 (i) The renting or leasing of tangible personal property to 8 consumers; and
- 9 (ii) Providing tangible personal property along with an operator
- 10 for a fixed or indeterminate period of time. A consideration of this
- 11 is that the operator is necessary for the tangible personal property
- 12 to perform as designed. For the purpose of this subsection
- 13 (4)(a)(ii), an operator must do more than maintain, inspect, or set up
- 14 the tangible personal property.
- 15 (b) The term shall not include the renting or leasing of tangible
- 16 personal property where the lease or rental is for the purpose of
- 17 sublease or subrent.
- 18 (5) The term shall also include the providing of "competitive
- 19 telephone service, " "telecommunications service, " or "ancillary
- 20 services," as those terms are defined in RCW 82.04.065, to consumers.
- 21 (6) The term shall also include the sale of prewritten computer
- 22 software other than a sale to a person who presents a ((resale
- 23 certificate under)) seller's permit or uniform exemption certificate
- 24 in conformity with RCW 82.04.470, regardless of the method of delivery
- 25 to the end user, but shall not include custom software or the
- 26 customization of prewritten computer software.
- 27 (7) The term shall also include the sale of or charge made for an
- 28 extended warranty to a consumer. For purposes of this subsection,
- 29 "extended warranty" means an agreement for a specified duration to
- 30 perform the replacement or repair of tangible personal property at no
- 31 additional charge or a reduced charge for tangible personal property,
- 32 labor, or both, or to provide indemnification for the replacement or
- 33 repair of tangible personal property, based on the occurrence of
- 34 specified events. The term "extended warranty" does not include an

- 1 agreement, otherwise meeting the definition of extended warranty in
- 2 this subsection, if no separate charge is made for the agreement and
- 3 the value of the agreement is included in the sales price of the
- 4 tangible personal property covered by the agreement. For purposes of
- 5 this subsection, "sales price" has the same meaning as in RCW
- 6 82.08.010.
- 7 (8) The term shall not include the sale of or charge made for
- 8 labor and services rendered in respect to the building, repairing, or
- 9 improving of any street, place, road, highway, easement, right-of-way,
- 10 mass public transportation terminal or parking facility, bridge,
- 11 tunnel, or trestle which is owned by a municipal corporation or
- 12 political subdivision of the state or by the United States and which
- 13 is used or to be used primarily for foot or vehicular traffic
- 14 including mass transportation vehicles of any kind.
- 15 (9) The term shall also not include sales of chemical sprays or
- 16 washes to persons for the purpose of postharvest treatment of fruit
- 17 for the prevention of scald, fungus, mold, or decay, nor shall it
- 18 include sales of feed, seed, seedlings, fertilizer, agents for
- 19 enhanced pollination including insects such as bees, and spray
- 20 materials to: (a) Persons who participate in the federal conservation
- 21 reserve program, the environmental quality incentives program, the
- 22 wetlands reserve program, and the wildlife habitat incentives program,
- 23 or their successors administered by the United States department of
- 24 agriculture; (b) farmers for the purpose of producing for sale any
- 25 agricultural product; and (c) farmers acting under cooperative habitat
- 26 development or access contracts with an organization exempt from
- 27 federal income tax under 26 U.S.C. Sec. 501(c)(3) or the Washington
- 28 state department of fish and wildlife to produce or improve wildlife
- 29 habitat on land that the farmer owns or leases.
- 30 (10) The term shall not include the sale of or charge made for
- 31 labor and services rendered in respect to the constructing, repairing,
- 32 decorating, or improving of new or existing buildings or other
- 33 structures under, upon, or above real property of or for the United
- 34 States, any instrumentality thereof, or a county or city housing

1 authority created pursuant to chapter 35.82 RCW, including the 2 installing, or attaching of any article of tangible personal property 3 therein or thereto, whether or not such personal property becomes a 4 part of the realty by virtue of installation. Nor shall the term 5 include the sale of services or charges made for the clearing of land moving of earth of or for the United States, any 7 instrumentality thereof, or a county or city housing authority. Nor 8 shall the term include the sale of services or charges made for 9 cleaning up for the United States, or its instrumentalities, 10 radioactive waste and other byproducts of weapons production and 11 nuclear research and development.

(11) The term shall not include the sale of or charge made for 12 13 labor, services, or tangible personal property pursuant to agreements 14 providing maintenance services for bus, rail, or rail fixed guideway 15 equipment when a regional transit authority is the recipient of the 16 labor, services, or tangible personal property, and a transit agency, 17 as defined in RCW 81.104.015, performs the labor or services.

18

19

PART IV

MISCELLANEOUS

21 22

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NEW SECTION. Sec. 401. If any provision of this act or its 23 application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected. 26

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Sec. 402. This act must be liberally construed in NEW SECTION. 28 order to carry out its purposes. 29

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Sec. 403. This act takes effect January 1, 2010. NEW SECTION. 31

32

Sec. 404. The effective date in section 403 of this NEW SECTION. 33 act may not be construed as preventing the department of revenue from 1 accepting applications for, or issuing, sellers' permits before

2 January 1, 2010, or taking any other action before January 1, 2010,

3 necessary to ensure the effective implementation of this act.

4

5 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 405.** Part headings used in this act are not 6 any part of the law."

7

8

9 **EFFECT:** Eliminates provisions of the bill requiring construction 10 contractors to pay sales tax at the time of purchase. Requires a 11 seller's permit in order for construction contractors to make tax 12 exempt wholesale purchases. Restores 50 percent penalty for misuse of 13 seller's permits (and uniform exemption certificates).

14

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